

TEST 6

Listening module (approx 30 minutes + 10 minutes transfer time)

SECTION 1

Questions 1–10

Complete the table below.

Write **ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

HOLIDAY RENTALS Dates: Example ...10 th –22 nd July.				
Name of Property	Location	Features	Disadvantage(s)	Booking details
1	• rural • surrounded by 2	• apartment • two bedrooms • open plan	distance from 3	www. 4 com
Kingfisher	• rural • next to the 5 • nice views	• house • three bedrooms • 6 room • living room • kitchen	expensive?	Phone the owner (01752 669218)
Sunnybanks	• in a village • next to the 7	• house • has private 8	no 9	Contact the 10

SECTION 2

Questions 11–20

Questions 11–14

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

- 11 According to the speaker, why is it a good time for D-I-Y painting?
- A There are better products available now.
 - B Materials cost less than they used to.
 - C People have more free time than before.
- 12 What happened in 2009 in the UK?
- A A record volume of paint was sold.
 - B A large amount of paint was wasted.
 - C There was a major project to repaint public buildings.

- 13 What does the speaker say about paint quantity?
- A It's not necessary to have exact room measurements.
 - B It's better to overestimate than to underestimate.
 - C An automatic calculator can be downloaded from the Internet.
- 14 What does Community RePaint do?
- A It paints people's houses without payment.
 - B It collects unwanted paint and gives it away.
 - C It sells unused paint and donates the money to charity.

Questions 15–16

Choose **TWO** letters, **A–E**.

What **TWO** pieces of advice does the speaker give about paint?

- A Don't buy expensive paint.
- B Test the colour before buying a lot.
- C Choose a light colour.
- D Use water-based paint.
- E Buy enough paint for more than one application.

Questions 17–18

Choose **TWO** letters, **A–E**.

What **TWO** pieces of advice does the speaker give about preparation?

- A Replace any loose plaster.
- B Don't spend too long preparing surfaces.
- C Use decorators' soap to remove grease from walls.
- D Wash dirty walls with warm water.
- E Paint over cracks and small holes.

Questions 19–20

Choose **TWO** letters, **A–E**.

What **TWO** pieces of advice does the speaker give about painting?

- A Put a heater in the room.
- B Wash brushes in cold water.
- C Use a roller with a short pile.
- D Apply paint directly from the tin.
- E Open doors and windows.

Questions 21–30

Questions 21–26

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

- 21** Why is Matthew considering a student work placement?
- A** He was informed about an interesting vacancy.
 - B** He needs some extra income.
 - C** He wants to try out a career option.
- 22** Which part of the application process did Linda find most interesting?
- A** The psychometric test.
 - B** The group activity.
 - C** The individual task.
- 23** During her work placement, Linda helped find ways to
- A** speed up car assembly.
 - B** process waste materials.
 - C** calculate the cost of design faults.
- 24** Why did Linda find her work placement tiring?
- A** She wasn't used to full-time work.
 - B** The working hours were very long.
 - C** She felt she had to prove her worth.
- 25** What did Linda's employers give her formal feedback on?
- A** engineering ability
 - B** organisational skills
 - C** team working
- 26** What was the main benefit of Linda's work placement?
- A** Improved academic skills.
 - B** An offer of work.
 - C** The opportunity to use new software.

Questions 27–30

What does Linda think about the books on Matthew's reading list?

Choose **FOUR** answers from the box and write the correct letter, **A–F**, next to questions 27–30.

Opinions

- A helpful illustrations
- B easy to understand
- C up-to-date
- D comprehensive
- E specialised
- F useful case studies

Books

- 27 *The Science of Materials*
- 28 *Materials Engineering*
- 29 *Engineering Basics*
- 30 *Evolution of Materials*

Questions 31–40

Questions 31–40

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.**Researching the origin of medieval manuscripts****Background**

- Medieval manuscripts – handwritten books produced between the fifth and fifteenth centuries
- Origin of many manuscripts unknown until 2009; scientists started using DNA testing

Animal hides – two types

Parchment

Sheep skin: white in colour and **31**Greasy – writing can't be erased so often used for **32**

Vellum

Calf skin: most popular for prestigious work because you can get **33** lettering.**Preparation of hides**

- Treated in barrels of lime – where this was not available, skins were **34** (removed hair → more flexible)
- Stretched tight on a frame
- Scraped to create same **35**
- Vellum was **36** – for correct colour

Genetic testing – finding originsPreviously – analysed handwriting and **37** used by the writerNow – using genetic data from 'known manuscripts' to create a **38** '.....'**Uses of new data**

Gives information on individual books

Shows the **39** of the book industryHelps define **40** in medieval period